AD ANTAGE

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier ACRYLIC URETHANE SS - SCHOOL B

Other means of identification

Product Code AD-716-G

Recommended use Automotive Refinish Single-Stage Coating

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name ADVANTAGE REFINISH PRODUCTS

Address a division of IAMG/International Autobody Marketing Group

1505 N. Hayden Road

Suite 111

Scottsdale, Arizona 85257

United States

Telephone General Assistance 1-87-REFINISH

Website www.advantagerefinish.com

E-mail Not available.

Emergency phone number Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Sensitization, skin Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)

long-term hazard

Not classified.

Label elements

OSHA defined hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statementHighly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Harmful to

Category 2

Category 3

Category 3

aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Material name: ACRYLIC URETHANE SS - SCHOOL B AD-716-G Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-05-2015

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Supplemental information

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

62.24% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 81.3% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 86.55% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 85.93% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Methyl acetate		79-20-9	10 to <20
n-butyl acetate		123-86-4	10 to <20
2-Heptanone		110-43-0	5 to <10
2-pentanone		107-87-9	1 to <5
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	1 to <5
1,2-Dimethybenzene		95-47-6	0.1 to <1
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	0.1 to <1
liquid HALS		41556-26-7	0.1 to <1
methyl ethyl ketoxime		96-29-7	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable le	evels		60 to <70

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

> artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of Skin contact

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if Eye contact

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Ingestion

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)	PEL	465 mg/m3	
·		100 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	PEL	700 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3	
,		200 ppm	
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	
1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL	150 ppm	
,	TWA	100 ppm	
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)	TWA	50 ppm	
2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)	STEL	150 ppm	

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) TWA 150 ppm 150 ppm 100 ppm 2-Heptanone (CAS TWA 435 mg/m3 100 ppm 1	Components	Туре	Value	
Methyl acetate (CAS STEL 250 ppm 79-20-9) TWA 200 ppm 79-20-9) TWA 200 ppm 79-20-9) TWA 200 ppm 79-20-9) TWA 150 ppm 70-20-80 70-20-8		TWA	20 ppm	
TWA 200 ppm 123-86-4)	Methyl acetate (CAS	STEL	250 ppm	
123-86-4 TWA	,	TWA	200 ppm	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 174) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards Components Type Value 1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS STEL 655 mg/m3 95-47-6) TWA 435 mg/m3 100 ppm 2-Heptanone (CAS TWA 465 mg/m3 100 ppm 2-Lepentanone (CAS TWA 530 mg/m3 100 ppm 2-pentanone (CAS TWA 530 mg/m3 100 ppm 2-pentanone (CAS TWA 530 mg/m3 150 ppm Ethyl benzene (CAS STEL 545 mg/m3 100 ppm TWA 435 mg/m3 150 ppm TWA 435 mg/m3 150 ppm TWA 435 mg/m3 100 ppm TWA 610 mg/m3 200 ppm n-butyl acetate (CAS STEL 950 mg/m3 123-86-4) TWA 710 mg/m3 150 ppm TWA 710 mg/m3 150 ppm TWA 710 mg/m3 150 ppm US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides Components Type Value methyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS TWA 36 mg/m3 160-29-7) Weethyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS TWA 36 mg/m3 160-29-7) Weethyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS TWA 36 mg/m3 160-29-7)		STEL		
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US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides Components Type Value methyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS TWA 36 mg/m3 96-29-7)				
US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides Components Type Value methyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS TWA 36 mg/m3 96-29-7)		TWA	•	
ComponentsTypeValuemethyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS 96-29-7)TWA 36 mg/m3			150 ppm	
methyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS TWA 36 mg/m3 96-29-7)				
96-29-7)	Components	Туре	Value	
	methyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS 96-29-7)	TWA	36 mg/m3	
TU ppm	,		10 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Components Determinant Specimen **Sampling Time** Value 1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 1.5 g/g Methylhippuric Creatinine in 95-47-6) acids urine Ethyl benzene (CAS 0.15 g/g Sum of Creatinine in 100-41-4) mandelic acid urine and phenylglyoxylic acid

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Other

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure Respiratory protection

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. Liquid. **Form** Color Yellow. Odor Solvent. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available.

-144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point

134.24 °F (56.8 °C) estimated

14.0 °F (-10.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.1 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

16 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

99.71 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Not available. Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. Not available. **Partition coefficient**

(n-octanol/water)

740 °F (393.33 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

9.09 lbs/gal Density

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Percent volatile 41.95 % Specific gravity 1.09

VOC 2.2 lbs/gal Material

2.8 lbs/gal Regulatory 266 g/l Material 331 g/l Regulatory

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoidAvoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Nitrates.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May

cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Components	Species	Test Results
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1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 4600 ppm, 6 Hours

Rat 6350 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

Rat 4300 mg/kg

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12600 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Mouse 730 mg/kg
Rat 1.67 g/kg

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 3.73 g/kg

Components Species Test Results

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

<u>Acute</u>

Oral

LD50 Rabbit 3.7 g/kg

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
1,2-Dimethybenzene	(CAS 95-47-6)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
2-Heptanone (CAS 11	0-43-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas	s) 126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components **Test Results Species** 2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9) **Aquatic** LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 1190 - 1290 mg/l, 96 hours Fish Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Aquatic Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) **Aquatic** Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours methyl ethyl ketoxime (CAS 96-29-7) Aquatic LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 777 - 914 mg/l, 96 hours Fish n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) **Aquatic** Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Aquatic

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Crustacea

Fish

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

1,2-Dimethybenzene	3.12
2-Heptanone	1.98
2-pentanone	0.91
Ethyl benzene	3.15
Methyl acetate	0.18
n-butyl acetate	1.78

EC50

LC50

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

Water flea (Daphnia magna)

Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours

> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste codeThe waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150 202 Packaging non bulk 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material

Transport hazard class(es)

3 **Class** Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

Allowed.

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN1263 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Paint, Paint Related Material

Not established.

3 **Class** Subsidiary risk П Packing group

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E

EmS

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)Listed.2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)Listed.Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)Listed.Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)Listed.n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
1,2-Dimethybenzene	95-47-6	0.1 to <1
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.1 to <1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

liquid HALS (CAS 41556-26-7)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6)

2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)

2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9)

Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) 2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0) 2-pentanone (CAS 107-87-9) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

1,2-Dimethybenzene (CAS 95-47-6) Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Listed: August 7, 2009

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4) Listed: February 21, 2003 Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 Listed: April 19, 2002 naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

2-ethoxyethanol (CAS 110-80-5) Listed: January 1, 1989 2-ethoxyethyl acetate (CAS 111-15-9) Listed: January 1, 1993 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991 US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

2-ethoxyethanol (CAS 110-80-5) Listed: January 1, 1989 2-ethoxyethyl acetate (CAS 111-15-9) Listed: January 1, 1993

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

05-05-2015 Issue date

Version # 01

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*

Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0

Material name: ACRYLIC URETHANE SS - SCHOOL B AD-716-G Version #: 01 Issue date: 05-05-2015

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

NFPA ratings

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Disclaimer

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